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## TWO DEMOCRATS NOT FOR WILSON

Special to The Republican.  
NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—"I am not a republican but I can't vote for a man like Wilson who has submitted this great nation to the dictates of a few leading delegates. This view of the so-called eight-hour law, which was passed through congress, expressed by a New York City voter in enrolling in the Hughes Alliance, is typical of the attitude which men of all parties who join the alliance exhibit toward the methods resorted to to enact that measure into law. L. V. Carothers, secretary of the Chloride Mining, smelter, Goldfield, Nevada, a democrat, gives the following reason for being against Wilson:  
"I have always been a democrat, but recently am not in sympathy with the present administration, nor can I forget the many dissonant party pledges. Democrat as I am, I will work for the election of Hughes, as I feel it high time that we have a real government for and by the people."  
Another democrat who has joined the Hughes movement is E. G. Hill, El Paso, who says: "Four years ago I voted for Wilson because I believed him to be a man that would purify in some manner our political corruption. While I respect Mr. Wilson in many respects, he has disappointed me dramatically by a great number of his actions and I am sorry to say, his inconsistency of character and his jumping jack politics. Now enters Charles E. Hughes. I shall vote and work for him, not because he is a republican, for my tendencies are democratic, but because I believe him to be a strong character. A man may be honest enough and sincere in view of mistakes one has made, but it is not in human limits of course, and it is best of all to have the ability and character to do the right thing at the right time so as to be able to step up for once action. I believe Hughes will fill the bill."



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## RUSSELL JOHNSON FREED ON STRONG SELF DEFENSE PLEA

That Eugene Carruthers, who was shot through the heart by Russell T. Johnson in Gila Bend on September 21, was the aggressor in the shooting affair in which he lost his life, was evident after a few witnesses had been examined at the preliminary hearing in Justice De Souza's court yesterday.  
The case was so clearly one of self defense that it was submitted to the court without argument and subsequently dismissed.  
Although Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Carruthers, parents of the dead man, were in Phoenix a few days ago, they did not remain over for the hearing. They left Saturday for Gila Bend and are at present in Yuma, where Mr. Carruthers has large banking interests. The prominence of the family and the splendid connections of the defendant, made the case one of unusual interest.  
Prompting her memory with an outline of the shooting affair, which she had written shortly after it occurred, Mrs. Julia Dixon proved a strong witness for the defense. Mrs. Dixon, who is of extremely nervous temperament, stated that she was in the room with Eugene Carruthers entered. She testified that shortly afterwards Johnson and one of his men had arrived in their automobile and young Carruthers went for Johnson who asked what was wanted.  
"You'll see what is the matter with me," Carruthers is alleged to have replied.  
"I don't want to have any trouble with you," Johnson replied.  
"You coward—you—you are going to have trouble."

## JAPANESE CRISIS ENDS IN VICTORY FOR CONSERVATIVES

(Continued from Page One)

believed to be a victory for the army party. Viscount Ichiro Motono, the ambassador to Russia, is being considered as foreign minister in the cabinet.

### The New Premier

WASHINGTON, Oct. 4.—Little is known in official circles here as to what policy Lieutenant General Count Terauchi, Japan's new premier, will adopt. He always has been a military man, almost above party questions, but in general he is regarded as a follower in politics of former Premier Yamagata, under whose influence "the gentlemen's agreement" and other friendly arrangements were made with the United States.

For some time there has been considerable agitation in Japan in favor of Count Terauchi's succession to the premier's portfolio. He frequently has been spoken of in the Japanese press as the "man of the hour" and his opponents have criticized him largely because of his belief in strict censorship of news, the importance he has attached to the military party, and his aversion to politicians. His greatest achievement was the annexation of Korea. He was governor general in 1911; he was instrumental in revolutionizing the Korean policy of Marquis Ito and Viscount Sone, his predecessors. At the end of his first month in office he had secured police powers in Korea for Japan; during the second he secured the right to garrison Japanese troops there; and at the end of that month, the formal notification of the annexation of territory was made to the powers. He was given great credit for having accomplished this without encountering a revolt among the Koreans.

## TAFT DECLARES URGES CHOICE OF MR. HUGHES

(Continued from Page One)

both party wings welcomed Mr. Fairbanks during the day.

### Candidate Resting

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Oct. 4.—Charles E. Hughes went into seclusion here today, not far from the house where Charles E. Hughes, Jr., and his family are spending a few days. He has no engagements for the rest of the week. Monday he will begin his third presidential campaign trip.  
While here Mr. Hughes expects to clear away the accumulation of correspondence he found awaiting him and to outline some of the chief speeches which he will make on his trip.

### Roosevelt's Western Tour

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Theodore Roosevelt will go as far west as El Paso, Texas, on his tour in the interest of the republican national ticket. It was announced here tonight. The colonel, it is said, will address the soldiers at that point on the border.

### BETTER PROTECTION FOR INVESTMENTS.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 4.—An insistence on proper protection of the capital invested in railroads and an appeal that railroad mortgages be surrounded with such safeguards that they may hold their place among prime investments, was made here today by the committee on railroad bonds before the Investment Bankers' Association of America convention.  
The convention went on record as favoring the deposit of legal opinions accompanying municipal bonds and the filing of these with a central office under the control of the association.  
Lewis B. Franklin of New York was re-elected president, while Fred R. Fenton of Chicago and J. Sheppard Smith of St. Louis, were re-elected secretary and treasurer respectively. James N. Wright of Denver was among the new members of the board of governors elected.  
Baltimore was selected for the next convention in 1917, but this must be confirmed by the board of governors at their next meeting.  
Earlier in the day the convention listened to a speech by Walker D. Humes, chairman of the advisory committee and general counsel for the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway, on legislation tending toward the settlement of railway labor disputes.  
At a banquet here tonight the delegates heard an address by United States Senator Robert L. Owen of Oklahoma on "the federal reserve act and its relation to investment banking."

### Hire a Little Salesman at The

Republican office. A Want Ad. will see more customers than you can.

## HUGHES'S HELPLESSNESS OF THE NATION

(Special to The Republican)  
NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—The Republican National Committee issued today a pamphlet by Mr. David Jayne Hill former assistant secretary of state and ambassador to Germany based on articles written by Doctor David Jayne Hill, former assistant secretary of state and ambassador to Germany for the North American Review.

Doctor Hill has had extensive experience, both in the state department and in the diplomatic service abroad, and is one of the foremost American authorities upon international law and diplomatic procedure. He has made a very exhaustive examination of the record of the Wilson administration and its handling of diplomatic affairs, especially with reference to matters growing out of the war in Europe and matters arising from the situation in Mexico. Several thousand copies of the pamphlet have been printed and it will receive wide circulation. Referring to the statement so often made by supporters of President Wilson that he has kept us out of war, Dr. Hill remarks that "peace without honor is one of our most cherished ideals, but no one will contend that peace that has not been disturbed by threats of war is anything to boast about."

Dr. Hill then asks by whom and when and how we have been threatened with war, and after calling attention to the fact that no nation has desired to declare war upon the United States, "upon two separate occasions neither of which demanded warlike action, the administration has provoked a dangerous situation and has committed every character of warlike act, the invasion of foreign territory and the destruction of innocent lives."

Referring to the extraordinary peace treaties negotiated by William J. Bryan, which he was secretary of state, Dr. Hill says that their result was to pledge the United States upon its honor "not to resort to active military action, injury or humiliation that any one of the allies might be tempted to resort to any reason offer and to resist content with making only a verbal protest until an entire year had elapsed. The result of this," Dr. Hill says, "was the moral and advisory influence of the United States was impaired for with the certainty that immediate action by our government was out of the question, the advice of the United States was of no value."

### Before the administration was a year old," says Dr. Hill. "It was evident that the prestige of this government, which previously had been high, had been lowered to a level that had been able to promote peace between great powers, no longer existing. Ineffective in its own sphere of influence, as it then showed itself, it was unable to influence the eastern hemisphere, a completely negligible quantity with many fervid professions regarding humanity in the abstract, the administration has stood actively and effectively for nothing in the concrete not even for the lives of its citizens."

That the United States is industrially and economically helpless under democratic legislation and that nothing short of a change of administration and a speedy return to the protective system, can save the country from great financial loss and misery, is set forth by United States Senator Sherman, of Illinois, in a communication to Chairman Wilcox of the republican national committee. Senator Sherman says: "It must be constantly remembered in the campaign that the vast imports of 1916 under war conditions but illustrate what they will be under a democratic free trade tariff when peace is restored in the world. Our exports are relied upon by the democratic party to mitigate the evil wrought by the enormous flood of imports. I can summarize in a few words and figures a complete analysis of our export trade. 'The exports of commodities classified as peace merchandise have decreased under the democratic tariff. If the peace merchandise be segregated from our total exports their total of 1916, compared with 1913, shows a decrease of approximately \$100,000,000. The exports of war merchandise of 1916, compared with the exports of war merchandise for 1913, show an increase of war merchandise exports in 1916 of nearly \$1,500,000,000. The abnormal demand will cause when peace is concluded. Our exports will then spring to their normal volume, while our imports will not only maintain the present high figures but will be immensely increased by the return to industrial activities of the countless legions now on the battlefields."

Not in the history of the democratic party has it ever written a tariff bill that contributed anything to the treasury but a deficit. If the limit of any system of taxation were reached it would be exceeded by democratic appropriation. The normal condition of the national finances with the democratic party in power is bankruptcy. The democrats can neither protect the markets of our country nor supply revenue to meet the expenses of government economically administered, even on republican lines. The staggering impossibility of raising enough revenue to meet its own prodigal expenditures drives the democratic party to despair and a \$13,000,000 bond issue. It was reserved for a democratic administration to discover the necessity in time of peace of a legion of direct taxes, heretofore resorted to only in war time. So we have a free trade tariff act without any permanent trade; a revenue tariff without any revenue, and war tax without any war."

## MEXICAN BANK BILLS RISING

EL PASO, Tex. Oct. 4.—Bank bills of the Banco Nacional de Mexico and the Banco de Londres y Mexico, two of the largest banking institutions in Mexico City, continued to increase in price here today at the local banks which handle Mexican exchange.

Following the decrease of September 5, issued by General Carranza, requiring a metallic reserve for all bills issued by these banks, the currency dropped four cents in price. The closing of these banks until metallic reserve for their currency could be accumulated also aided in lowering the exchange price of these bills, local bankers state.

The currency of these banks increased in price today 16 1/2 cents for Banco de Londres and to 17 cents for Banco Nacional bills. The protest of a British and French consulates to the American state department is given as the reason for this increase and bankers predict a further increase.

## ASHURST STATES HE HAS BEEN A SMALL CATFISH

Special to The Republican

WINSLOW, Oct. 4.—Senator Henry F. Ashurst worked himself into a frenzy over the tall tales of Navajo country here tonight, raved about the golden pictures made by the Arizona sunset on the sides of the Grand Canyon, criticized Governor Hughes because he has a beard, attacked Roosevelt because he shows his teeth when he smiles and wears glasses, and said that he was glad to address an audience that included in its list of thinking, when he followed seven other candidates who are spending the people's money in seeking re-election to office.

He had a fair audience, but he talked just a half hour too long. There were many chairs in the opera house vacated, chairs that had been occupied by listeners who had hoped in vain that the issues of the campaign would be discussed.

Senator Ashurst said "I have been nothing but a small catfish in Washington during the past four years." He was met with applause. He continued by pleading that the people of Winslow aid him in his endeavor to be a big trout by giving him another chance of four years.

Governor Hunt was the first candidate to appear on the rostrum. He preceded the other speaker by about thirty seconds. One lone democrat, sitting up in front applauded. He was alone, and thinking that he had done wrong, blushed. However, the big brass band which later did the applauding, started up a hurdy one step and the appreciative audience gave it a good hand.

Wiley Jones made apologies for two absent candidates as well as for those who were present and hoped that "the wept with tears of joy" when the European war started because Theodore Roosevelt was not president. He helped himself eleven times to the pitcher on the table when he was taking his last drink he said, "I wonder who's paying for this."

Hire a Little Salesman at the Republican office.

## BERRY, PENN STAR IS KEPT ON BORDER

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Theodore Roosevelt will go as far west as El Paso, Texas, on his tour in the interest of the republican national ticket. It was announced here tonight. The colonel, it is said, will address the soldiers at that point on the border.

## HOWARD BERRY

Howard Berry, Penn's all round athletic star and one of the strongest members of last season's football squad, is with the national guard on the Mexican border, and there is small hope that he will be able to return for the football season.

## YOUNG GIRLS AND JAP ARE ARRESTED

Night Captain of Police Griggs Carr arrested George Saku, a Jap, in company with Rose Fernandez and Sylvia Westman, two white girls, last evening in a Japanese rooming house on Third street.

The two women were allowed their liberty on bond, to appear before Judge Thomas in police court this afternoon. An attempt will be made to hold the Jap on a pandering charge. Carr has been watching the trio for some time, but has never been able to lay his hands directly on them until last night. It is thought that the Jap has been traveling around the state with the two young girls, and that perhaps he has taken them across the state line, in which case he can be held under the Mann act. Saku spent the night in jail last night, and will probably remain there until his case has been thoroughly investigated.

## BAKERS DEFEND

NEW YORK, Oct. 4.—Newton D. Baker, secretary of war, defended President Wilson's approval of the eight-hour day for railway trainmen in an address here today at a mass meeting of women held under the auspices of the women's bureau of the democratic campaign committee.

"Recently," said the secretary, "an issue has arisen in the form of the eight-hour law. \*\*\* My father was the railroad physician at a terminal, I believed in the eight-hour law for men who operate a railway. I have seen men come to our door and awaken my father at all times of the night, because of the wrecks caused by engineers who had been asleep. Engineers used to work twenty hours continuously in their cabs in those continuous hours of all the victims of the great battles of the Marne and Verdun."

"President Wilson," added the secretary, "considered himself as representing the innocent bystander likely to suffer because of an argument between two groups of gentlemen. He asked congress for the passage of the eight-hour legislation. He met the issue of the moment when there was not a week-end supply of food in the cities of the country."

## KIDS CROWDS ABOUT SILENCE AND WHISKERS

(Continued from Page One)

"Aren't we glad he hasn't got whiskers,"

"You are a clean shaven crowd yourself," replied the president.

At Fort Wayne, the first stop in Indiana, Mr. Wilson said: "I haven't anything to say, my fellow citizens, except that it is exceedingly refreshing to get away from official duties and out among the folks again, and the sort of greeting you are giving me fills my heart with a great deal of gratitude. I am heartily obliged to you."

A railroad brakeman, just off duty, pushed out his hand and said:

"Right there, president. She's dirty, but she's going to hit the roster hard."

At Warsaw, Ind., the president said: "It cheers me very much to have you come out and give me such a greeting because some times when I am hard at work, I long very much to get away and come out and see the folks. It gives me the deepest gratitude; as

## BIG GERMAN VOTE WINS NOMINATION



William M. Calder.

The German voters of New York state take the credit for nominating William M. Calder of Brooklyn for senator on the republican ticket. Calder was opposed at the primaries by Robert Bacon, former ambassador to France and an ardent sympathizer with the cause of the allies. The Germans were almost a unit for Calder and he received a few thousand votes more than Bacon.

If you wanted to see me and believed in me, God bless you and good luck to you."

E. G. Hoffman, democratic national committeeman from Indiana, rode for a while with the president and later gave out an informal statement in which he claimed that Indiana would cast its electoral vote for Wilson.

"The president has a large personal following among Indiana republicans," Mr. Hoffman said. "The independent vote is for him solidly and he is assured of 35 per cent of the progressive votes. Our citizens do not believe in swapping horses in the middle of the stream."

The president will arrive at Omaha at about 11:30 o'clock tomorrow morning. He will make at least two speeches, one at lunch and the other in the evening at a non-partisan meeting. He will also review a historical pageant and parade. He will leave tomorrow night for Long Branch, N. J., where he will arrive Saturday morning.

## DRENCHING RAINS STOP FIGHTING IN THE WEST

(Continued from Page One)

the Clyde on September 15, for Bayonne, France.

### Making Up Greek Cabinet

ATHENS, Oct. 4. Via London.—King Constantine presided over the crown council held at the palace this morning to consider written opinions of the ministers submitted by each minister to which the minister's resignation was appended to be accepted in case the

## Killing the Calves

—All sorts of excuses are offered for the high price of beef, the most plausible being the alleged demand for veal—"the killing of calves which should be allowed to grow into regular beef." You cannot have beef if you eat it as "veal," but you can have Shredded Wheat Biscuit which contains more real nutriment than beef and costs much less. Shredded wheat biscuit is the whole wheat steam-cooked, shredded and baked. Make it your "meat" for ten days and see how much better you feel. Wholesome and strengthening for any meal with milk or cream or in combination with fruits. Made at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

opinions were unsatisfactory to the monarch.

The minister of the interior, Loucas Roufas, the minister of communications, Lysandre Kafandjoglou, and the minister of justice, M. Vokotopoulos, opposed Greece's entry into the war.

The king promptly accepted the resignation of the entire ministry for the purpose of forming a national war cabinet, which will include three of the adherents of ex-premier Venizelos. Demetrios Diamantidis, minister of communications in the Venizelos cabinet, was called to the palace to advise the king respecting the Venizelists to be chosen. The former president of the chamber, Constantine Neavitanos, and the former minister of the interior, M. Kafandjoglou, are under consideration in addition to M. Diamantidis.

### Other Zeppelins Expected

LONDON, Oct. 4.—London will continue to be visited by Zeppelins despite the recent losses and the great improvement in the capital's air defenses. This opinion was expressed to the Associated Press today by the Earl of Derby, who said:

"Raids will continue for the effect on the German people, who have been taught that Zeppelins, like submarines, could bring England to her knees. I will not say that London is the best defended of the allied capitals, but I can assert that there has been a vast improvement, which means that other Zeppelins will be brought down when they come again."

Lord Derby expressed the keenest satisfaction with the progress of the west campaign, which he declared, only needed good weather to show substantial progress, and added: "One of the most striking features of the present phase of the war is the notable decline in the accuracy of the official German reports, which over a considerable period, I am inclined to believe, were reasonably accurate. Now they are evidently written for home and neutral consumption; they are notoriously false in what they relate. The best example of this is their delay in admitting the fall of Thiepval and Comblis."

Asked about the possibility of the end of trench warfare the Earl of Derby, who now holds the post of under secretary of war, said it was impossible to make any prediction with respect to that.

# SPECIAL SALE

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SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7th

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Uniform Price of **\$21.85** Including Shade

ALSO TWELVE (ONLY) SILK SHADE TABLE LAMPS

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